



### Why are volunteers needed?



In large incidents, the oil almost always reaches the shore.



Cleaning oiled shoreline is extremely time-consuming.



Cleaning up after a largescale indicent may take months or even years.



Oil spill authorities usually do not have the manpower to do manual cleaning.



### Why are volunteers needed?



From past experiences, we know that volunteers will show up, and there will be a lot of them!



Oil that has to be cleaned is always toxic and has to be handled with care, using appropriate protection.



Without training and guidance, volunteers will slow down or hinder spill response operations and can potentially be a danger to themselves and others.



A well-trained and wellcoordinated group of volunteers can be very efficient!



# WWF as a "service provider"

WWF is an established provider of voluntary resources.

Latest real incidents:

Raahe 2014 Oulu 2017 Sipoo 2019



# Finnish voluntary oil spill response

10000 volunteers

2700 trained

Support the authorities in a spill

Close cooperation with other NGOs







Marking the oiled area



### **Equipment for shoreline clean-up**

### **PPE**

Waterproof/oil resistant pants and jacket

Disposable overall

Rubber boots

Rubber gloves

Mask with filter

Protective goggles

#### **Group equipment**

Oil collection containers/buckets

Shovels, brushes, wipes

Tarp

Duct tape

Rope

First aid kit

Charged phones/radio transceiver

Maps/writing pads/pens/forms





### Oiled wildlife response in Finland

WWF Finland started oiled wildlife response in 2006.

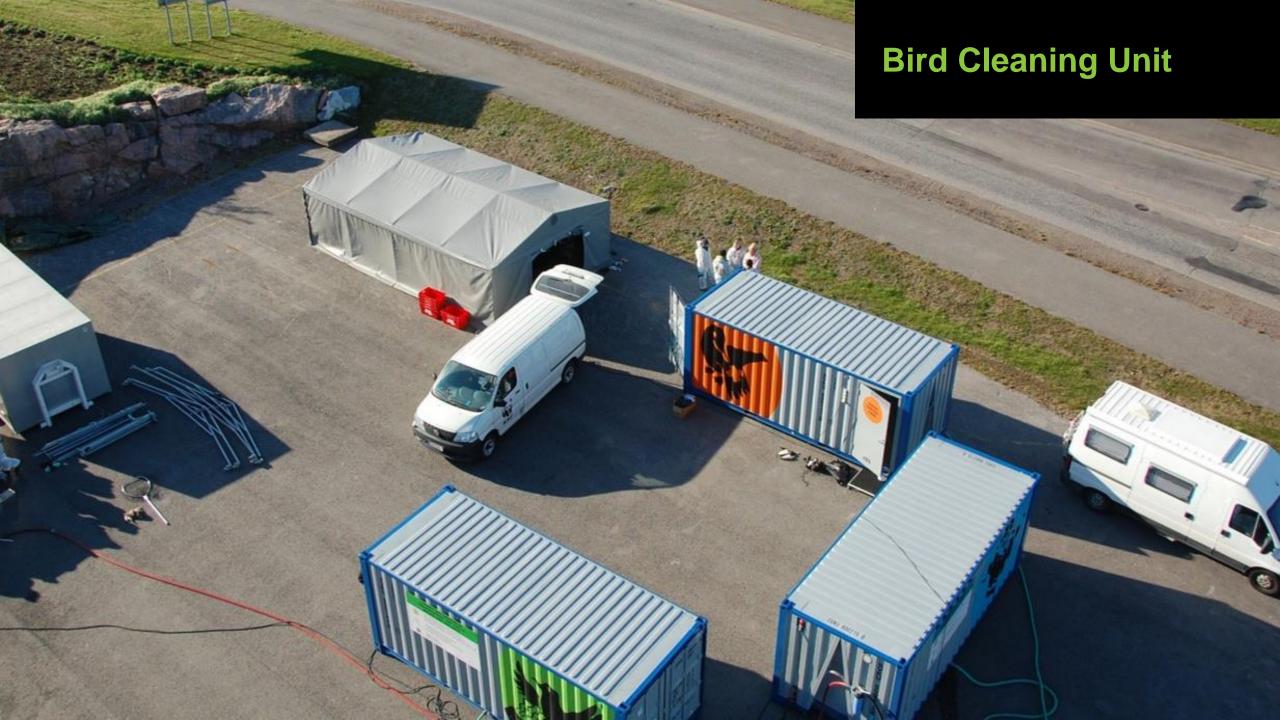
WWF is the only non-governmental organization in Finland which is working with oiled wildlife response.

WWF focus is in voluntary work but we are also developing wildlife response in Finland together with officials and international experts. We have also made wildlife response action plan which will be taken in use if accident happens.

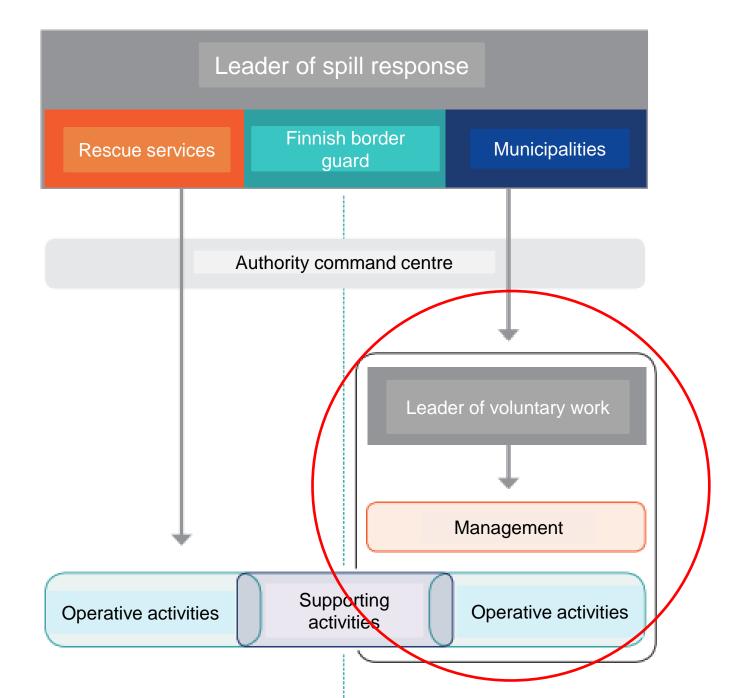
Finnish Enveroment Institute is in charge of wildlife response when oil spill accident happens.

WWF Finland is part of EUROWA which is a network of wildlife responders and their equipment ready to cross-border assistance if needed.









# Structure of oil spill response organisation

### Structure of voluntary work

**Leader of voluntary** work

WWF leader of operations

Leader of supporting activities

Beach cleaning

Oiled wildlife response

Coordinator (WWF)

Coordinator (WWF)

Troop leader (responsible for 2-5 groups)

Leader on field

Leader of rehabilitation

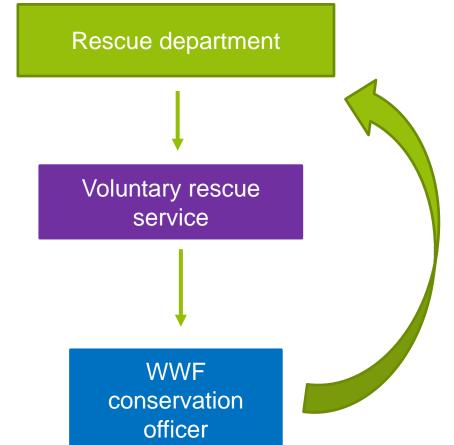
operations

- **Transportation**
- Equipment service and maintenance
- Accomodation
- Catering
- First aid

Group leader (responsible for 10 volunteer

Invidual volunteer













### Topics to discuss with the authorities before the operation

- Contact number to the rescue department.
- 2. Quality of oil (toxicity and collectibility). WWF enters the contamined area only with the permission from the authorities.
- 3. Possible no- go zones and priorities (nature conservation areas, bird nesting places and migration routes.
- 4. Number of volunteers needed in timetable of next 1-4 days.
- 5. Supporting activities (need for assistance in transportation, catering, accomodation etc.)
- 6. Oiled wildlife on the incident area.
- 7. Covering of the costs. Principally, the WWF oil spill response volunteers do not have to cover any costs resulting from the response operations.



Daily communication between coordinator and rescue department.

Signing up and registering

Signing off

Info

Debriefing

Equipment

Reporting from the incident area (progress of cleanup, difficulties, safety, equipment needs, transportation)



## **Communication equipment**

- VIRVE (short for "Viranomaisradioverkko", government official radio network
- PMR phones (professional mobile radio)
- Phones



### **External communication**

- Media releases

- Reporters
- Social media rules

News 3.6.2014 16:40 | updated 4.6.2014 7:51

### WWF: Raahe oil spill worse than expected

Volunteers will continue oil spill cleanup operations in the Raahe archipelago in northern Ostrobothnia for up to a week. The environmental NGO WWF says the spill was worse than first thought and is calling for more volunteers to help with the painstaking recovery task.

M Share



A volunteer from the environmental NGO WWF helps with the arduous cleanup operation. Image. Joonas Fritze / WWF

The environmental organisation WWF says last Friday's oil spill in Raahe, northwest Finland is worse than originally estimated. Volunteers will continue their cleanup efforts in the islands near the mainland for as long as another week. On Tuesday volunteers focused their recovery efforts on the island of Selkämatala, an important marine nesting ground.

"This is a critical location. There's some oil on the beach and many birds are here," said WWF field coordinator Teemu Niinimäki.







### **Balex Delta 2021**

- Volunteers were used for:
- Shoreline assessment.
- Search and collection of oiled wildlife.
- Shoreline clean-up
- Supporting activities
- Set up an oiled wildlife rehabilititation centre.



#### More info:

- Oil spill response guide: <a href="https://wwf.fi/app/uploads/8/5/r/8vjakpxhdn5mp6rfoidwz5/ot\_opas\_eng\_2017\_korj2020.p">https://wwf.fi/app/uploads/8/5/r/8vjakpxhdn5mp6rfoidwz5/ot\_opas\_eng\_2017\_korj2020.p</a>
- Basic oiled wildlife response manual: <a href="https://wwf.fi/app/uploads/1/0/t/27hvu2aqup1cqi7q2wmanz/07\_part-g\_basic-owr-manual\_eurowa-002.pdf">https://wwf.fi/app/uploads/1/0/t/27hvu2aqup1cqi7q2wmanz/07\_part-g\_basic-owr-manual\_eurowa-002.pdf</a>
- in Finnish from our website: <a href="https://wwf.fi/vapaaehtoistyo/oljyntorjuntajoukot/">https://wwf.fi/vapaaehtoistyo/oljyntorjuntajoukot/</a> #oilspillresponse

